УДК 791.43.03
Liudmila N. Mazur
First President of Russia B. N. Yeltsin Ural Federal University, Ekaterinburg, Russian Federation
Designing the Revolutionary Myth: Soviet Feature Films of 1917-1953
Abstract
Professional community of historians grows ever more interested in feature films as a historical
source. Reflecting reality in designed images, films can provide reliable information concerning not only facts of consciousness and conduct, but also past events as transformed in the
representation of film producers. There are several ways in which reality is reflected in cinema: documentary, realistic, fantasy, romantic, etc. It is mythological one that holds a special place and is often associated with accomplishment of propaganda objectives and historical memory
construction. In a point of fact, all these functions were performed by early Soviet films that were to promote new socialist values and those of communist education. The article examines the

role of Soviet cinema in constructing Soviet historical myth, including the one of revolutionary "creation." This latter one lies in the core of the mythological cycle including cosmogonic, etiological (myths of transfiguration) and eschatological (myths of the end of days) myths, as

well as the "myth of the golden age." Taken together, they form a mythological picture of past, present and future. Drawing on genre and thematic analysis of the 1917-1953 films the author identifies main stages in the construction of the Soviet historical myth, determines its image-structure and traces the transformation of images under the influence of political and ideological processes in the Soviet society. Feature films of the historical-revolutionary genre produced in the USSR in 1917-1953 are studied as a historical source. In total, about 100 films have been analyzed, 18 of which are devoted to the events of 1917. The author identifies the more significant works that have determined visual imagery and interpretative approaches to the characterization of the events of October 1917.

Download the article:	mazur_c	<u>loi</u>
-----------------------	---------	------------

## Keywords

Historical memory, feature films, historical myth, revolutionary myth, stages of formation, structure and images of the historical myth.

## References

"Vremja vpered!" Kul'turnaja politika v SSSR. Pod red. I. V. Glushhenko, V. A. Kurennogo. [GLUSHHENKO, I. V., KURENNOI, V. A. (eds.). "Time forward!" Cultural policy in the USSR. In Russ.]. Moscow, ID Vysshei shkoly ekonomiki publ., 2013, 267 p.

DOBRENKO, E. Muzei revolyutsii: sovetskoe kino i stalinskii istoricheskii narrative [Museum of the Revolution: Soviet cinema and Stalin's historical narrative. In Russ.]. Moscow, NLO publ., 2008, 424 p.

LEBEDEV, N. A. Ocherk istorii kino SSSR. Nemoe kino (1918—1934) [An outline of the history of Soviet cinema: Silent movies (1918-1934). In Russ. ]. Moscow: Izdatel'stvo "Iskusstvo" publ., 1965, 373 p. [on-line]. Available at: http://bibliotekar.ru/kino/23.htm

LEONOV, S. V. Rozhdenie sovetskoi imperii: gosudarstvo i ideologiya, 1917–1922 [The birth of the Soviet empire: State and ideology, 1917-1922. In Russ.]. Moscow: Dialog MGU publ., 1997, 356 p.

MEEROVICH, M. SSSR kak megaproekt [USSR as megaproject. In Russ.]. IN: Sleduyushhii shag, 2009, no. 7/8, pp. 77–97. [on-line]. Available at: http://intelros.ru/pdf/next\_step/07/8.pdf

ROMANOVA, O. "Oktyabr" Eizenshteina: mezhdu khudozhestvennym izobreteniem i mifom o revolyutsii [Eisenstein's "October": Between artistic invention and myth of the Revolution. In Russ.]. IN: Urok istorii. XX vek [Lesson of history: 20th century]. [on-line]. Available at: http://urokiistorii.ru/learning/method/2549.

Mazur Liudmila Nikolaevna, PhD in History, associate professor, First President of Russia B. N. Yeltsin Ural Federal University, заведующая кафедрой, Ekaterinburg, Russian Federation, +7-922-202-73-69, Lmaz@mail.ru

## Grant information

This research is supported by a Russian Science Foundation grant (project № 16-18-10106 'The Early Soviet Society as a Social Project: Concepts, Mechanisms of Realization, and

**Designing the Revolutionary Myth: Soviet Feature Films of 1917-1953**